GUIDE TO NSW TRAINLINK JOURNEYS

NOTE: The times for NSW TrainLink services in *Train Times* provide both arrival and departure times. However, NSW TrainLink's own Public timetables only quote arrival times. Hence, NSW TrainLink trains often depart closer to the quoted arrival time. Be sure to be at the station by this time.

NSW TrainLink is the middle and long distance passenger train operating unit of Transport for New South Wales, a NSW State Government body.

The daylight and overnight XPTs are operated by NSW TrainLink. The XPTs (abbreviation for eXpress Passenger Trains) were introduced in 1982. The motive power portion is based on the British Rail 125 High Speed trains. XPTs only achieve their maximum speed over fairly short portions of lines, such as between Albury and Wagga Wagga. These trains have always been used very intensively. The set comprises Economy class saloon carriages, First class saloon carriages, a Buffet cum First class carriage in the middle of the train (usually carriage C), and a peculiar First class carriage, usually at the southern end. This comprises compartments which are converted to two sleeping berths for overnight travel or seating for three passengers for day travel. In 2015 the NSW state government announced that it will commence procedures for replacements of the XPTs and Explorers. More details of XPTs are at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_South_Wales_XPT or at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_South_Wales_XPT or at

The buffet on the XPTs and Explorer DMUs sell a fairly good range of food. For lunch and dinner, an alternative is offered described as a "hot meal" which is of slightly higher standard. Food is not eaten in the buffet but has to be taken back to passengers' seats.

Day accommodation on either the XPTs or the Explorer Diesel Multiple Units is either in First class or Economy class. In fact, there is very little difference between the classes – just a smidgen more legroom, a smidgen more reclining to the seat, and closer to the buffet in First. The real difference seems to be that in First class there is a higher proportion of grey hair.

NSW TrainLink is the replacement of the former NSW Countrylink and the outer suburban portion of the former NSW CityRail. More details at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NSW TrainLink

In the greater Sydney area, NSW TrainLink operates over tracks which are controlled by Transport for NSW, a State government body. In rural areas, TrainLink operates over tracks controlled by the Australian Rail Track Corporation, a Federal government body, or by John Holland Rail NSW Country Regional Network. This follows massive reorganisation of railways in recent years. ARTC control almost all interstate mainlines, the very busy NSW Hunter Valley coal network and a few other lines in NSW and Victoria. More details at

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Australian_Rail_Track_Corporation or at www.artc.com.au

NSW TrainLink also has an extensive network of rural buses which connect with their trains. These offer a seamless journey with integrated ticketing and timetables (and even colour schemes).

The journeys through the electrified Greater Sydney area, ie, Macarthur-Sydney, Sydney-Broadmeadow, Sydney-Lithgow, and Sydney-Nowra are over tracks owned

by Transport for NSW. The journeys from Macarthur to Melbourne, Broadmeadow to Brisbane, Broadmeadow-Werris Creek-Moree and Parkes to Broken Hill are over track controlled by the Australian Rail Track Corporation. The journeys from Canberra to Joppa Junction (near Goulburn), Junee to Griffith, Lithgow to Dubbo/Parkes and Werris Creek to Armidale are over track controlled by John Holland Rail NSW Country Regional Network.

These notes include some places additional to those at which the train stops. These are *in italics* and the non-stop times of these are in 10 point.

MELBOURNE-ALBURY-YASS-SYDNEY

Place	Day	Km.	Notes
Tiace	XPT	from	Notes
	times	Melb.	
Melbourne	830	0	This is a large and distinctive station. It was
Southern Cross,	030	U	completely rebuilt from 2002 to 2006. There
platform 1			is one point near the main Spencer/Collins
plationii			Streets entrance where, without moving, you
			can watch the regional diesel trains arriving
			and departing every few minutes, the electric
			suburban trains passing through every few
			minutes and the trams outside every few
			seconds. Alternatively, use the upstairs
			passage ways – one at each end – as vantage
			points for the trains. The curvy roof is not
			only for appearance, but also to disperse the
			diesel fumes. The portion of the station for
			regional trains (including platform 1) is
			controlled by V/Line. The portion for
			suburban trains is controlled by Metro Trains
			Melbourne. More details at
			https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Southern Cros
			s railway station
			The interstate standard gauge line is quite
			separate from the lines used by suburban and
			regional trains. Soon after departure it goes
			over the North Melbourne viaduct spanning
			all the other tracks. The Regional Rail Link
			(opened 21 June 2015) then junctions off.
			The line is controlled by Centralised Traffic
			Control (CTC) situated at Junee.
Dynon		4	Dynon locomotive depot and Dynon freight
			yards. There are lots of nice areas in
			Melbourne, but you sure don't see them
			along this route. There is lots of light
			industry, rail yards and dreary suburbs.
West Dynon	838	7	Bridge over Maribyrnong River, followed by
Junction			short tunnel.
West Footscray	842		Six running tracks – 2 (broad gauge
Junction			electrified) belong to Metro Trains
			Melbourne, 2 (broad gauge) belong to

Sunshine Albion	845		V/Line for regional passenger trains, 2 (standard gauge) belong to the Australian Rail Track Corporation for interstate trains – these are the lines the XPT uses. Also the Tottenham Marshalling yard – main freight yard for Melbourne. Parallel to electrified suburban / regional line Double track dual gauge line, including two
Broadmeadows	854- 856	Ap.28 (the km. posts show different distances as they have a different route).	high bridges. Pick up stop, or set down stop, only. Parallel to electrified suburban / regional line.
			Parallel to regional line. This appears to be a three track mainline. It is not. The XPT is on the single track standard gauge (1.435metre, 4 ft 81/2 inches) line used for interstate trains. The two lines alongside are broad gauge (1.6 metre, 5 ft 3 inches) line used by Victorian intrastate trains. On the standard gauge there are crossing loops which have recently been extended to provide for running crosses. These are so long that the ARTC devised a new name for them – "Passing Lanes". At these Passing Lanes, it appears to be a four track railway. (Railways built to different gauges in the different states is one of the great bugbears of Australian history. When the first railways were being built in the 1850s the various colonies did agree to build them to the same gauge. But then NSW reneged on the agreement - not once, but twice.)
Craigieburn	Ap. 900	Ap.41	The big ugly building to the east of the line is where Australian banknotes are printed, and banknotes of many other countries. The Australian invention of polymer banknotes has been a great export success. Craigieburn is the end of Melbourne electric suburban trains. To generalise: Most place names in the areas first settled by Europeans in Australia are British derived names. Place names in areas settled later are more usually the original

			A1 ' ' 1
			Aboriginal names.
			Although it looks like you are traversing a
TT .1	A 011		plain, in fact the line is climbing
Heathcote	Ap.911	Ap.63	The major geographical feature all along the
Junction			east coast of Australia is the Great Dividing
			Range, with a small coastal plain to the east
			and endless plains to the west. Here you
			cross the Great Dividing Range, but at a
			point where it is petering out and hardly
			noticeable.
			The country is now pleasantly hilly. After
			crossing the Goulburn River, you pass
			through -
Kilmore East	922-		Not a passenger stop. The XPT is scheduled
	932		to stop here for ten minutes for a cross with a
			freight train, but usually this stop is not
			necessary in view of the lengthy "Passing
			Lane".
Seymour	948-	110	Pick up stop only.
	950		The line now becomes a double track
			standard gauge line. The northbound XPT is
			usually routed via the West line, but both
			lines are signalled for two-way running.
			The countryside is now fairly flat, but very
			productive.
Benalla	1041-	206	Junction station.
G!	1043	220	771
Glenrowan	1057	230	The summit of a small range.
Wangaratta	1106- 1108	245	
Wodonga	1140	Ap. 298	Wodonga is on a bypass line opened a few
			years ago. Across the Murray River, the
			border between Victoria and New South
			Wales. Bizarrely, the border is not in the
			middle of the river, but goes along the
			southern bank of the river.
			The Murray River with its many tributaries
			is a major feature of Australia as they drain
			an enormous area of SE Australia. However,
			here the river is disappointingly small.
	Day	Km.	
	XPT	from	
	times	Sydney	
		(Km.	
		posts on	
		eastern	
		side of	
A 11	1140	line).	D' + '- 1 + > 5 !! 1
Albury	1149-	646	Biggest city between Melbourne and

	1155		Canberra.
	1100		The railway now traverses very flat but very
			productive country. The main product grown
			in this area is wheat. Wheat silos are at most
			stations. In December and January, these will
			all be very busy receiving the harvest.
			Along the flat, straight stretch, the train
			usually goes fast.
			The railway is now single track, but with
			frequent and very lengthy "Passing Lanes".
Culcairn	1221	597	
Henty	1232	580	
The Rock	1249	550	The Rock is a massive feature suddenly
			rising out of the flat countryside to the west
			of the line.
Wagga Wagga	1307-	521	Now a long bridge over the Murrumbidgee
	1311		River and its floodplain.
Harefield	1329-	498	Not a passenger stop. A stop to cross the
	1341		southbound XPT on the single track line - if
			both trains are running to time.
Junee	1351-	486	An important junction station.
	1354		Double track resumes.
	100.		From Junee, all the way to almost all the to
			Sydney the railway runs through hilly
			country. It basically runs against the grain of
			the country. Hence there are many gradients
			up and down.
Bethungra	1413	456	Here the northbound line takes a very
Spiral	1113	430	peculiar course to maintain moderate
Spirai			1 =
			gradients. It does a complete spiral around a
			hill. The southbound line just goes straight down the hill.
Engunton			
Frampton			The northbound and southbound tracks
			separate for a short distance as the
			northbound line takes a longer route to climb
C 4 1	1.420	420	up the hill.
Cootamundra	1438-	430	Here there is a big changeover of passengers.
	1442		Many get out to take the bus to Canberra.
			They will be replaced by other passengers
			connecting from buses from all over
			southern NSW.
	1		An important junction station.
			In many places, there are remnants of the
			original railway alignment where the railway
			was first built as cheaply as possible in the
			early days of settlement.
Wallendbeen	1459	408	For a while here you are actually going south
			east.
Demondrille	1509	392	Once the junction for a cross-country line to

1	1		TITLE STORY
			Western NSW. In steam days, there was huge coaling stage
			here, and locomotives were refuelled without
TT 1	1514	206	uncoupling from their passenger trains.
Harden	1514-	386	Harden is typical of many inland Australian
	1515		country towns, in that it has lost a high proportion of its population in recent years.
			Australians now love living on the coast.
Bowning		329	Australians now love fiving on the coast.
Yass Junction	1605-	318	Junction for the former tiny branchline into
2 366 6 332 3261	1607		Yass Town, which ran along the street there. The planned railway from Yass to Canberra
Comming	1637	279	was never built.
Gunning Cullerin	1037	219	This is the worst section of the line from the
Cuiterin			engineering point of view. The line twists and turns with tight curves as it crosses the Great Dividing Range. This section is immediately followed by a section of straightness and high speed, as the line crosses the Breadalbane Plain.
Joppa Junction	1708	231	Junction for the line to Canberra.
Goulburn	1715- 1718	225	
Bundanoon	1753	162	
Moss Vale	1804- 1806	146	These are the Southern Highland towns – very nice.
Bowral	1811	136	·
Mittagong	1815	132	Now through a rugged mountainous area.
Picton	1848	85	You have now descended to the coastal plain.
			To get over a ridge, the two tracks are on different levels.
Macarthur	1907	57	The start of the huge Sydney suburban area, and the start of suburban electric trains
Campbelltown	1909-	55	A set down only stop.
	1911	(46 via	Now endless dreary suburbs.
		East Hills line).	Immediately to the west of the double track electrified passenger line (owned by Transport for NSW) is the single track South Sydney Freight Line owned by the Australian Rail Track Corporation. This
			provides interstate freight trains with an independent line into Sydney, clear of the suburban trains.
Glenfield	1922	33	A four way junction - immediately south of the station is a flyover for suburban trains, immediately north of the station is another flyover for suburban train, so conflicting

East Hills Revesby	1933	24 21	moves are never made. Then there is yet another flyover to bring the ARTC freight line from the east to the west of the suburban line. Bridge over Georges River Four tracks from here.
Wolli Creek Junction		7	Junction for Illawarra (South Coast) line. Very, very busy line from here.
Illawarra Junction		2	The six-track mainline from the west and north joins in. There are now ten tracks (plus two more underground).
			The attractive stone station to the west (left hand side) was the Mortuary Station, where Funeral trains departed until the 1930s.
Sydney, usually platform 1 or 2.	1953	0	Sydney Central station is at the southern edge of the central business district. It is a magnificent structure – both architecturally and for railway operating. It is huge – 25 platforms (2 underground). Most are terminating platforms for long distance and middle distance trains. But there are also through platforms used by suburban trains. More details at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_railwaystation , Sydney Suburban trains continue by underground lines to the centre of the city. A double track line continues over the Sydney Harbour Bridge.

Occasionally long distance trains from the South are diverted via an earlier built line via Strathfield. The description of this is:

Campbellto	55	Now endless dreary suburbs.
wn		The construction you will see alongside the line is for a new
		line to provide freight trains with an independent line into
		Sydney, clear of the suburban trains.
Glenfield		A four way junction - immediately south of the station is a
		flyover for suburban trains, immediately north of the station is
		another flyover for suburban train, so conflicting moves are
		ever made. Then there is yet another flyover to bring the
		ARTC freight line from the east to the west of the suburban
		line.
Liverpool	36	
Sefton Park	21	A suburban line and the ARTC freight line goes off to the east.
Junctions		
Lidcombe	17	Olympic Park (for the 2000 Olympics) is very close to the
		north (but you can't see it). Four tracks now.
Strathfield	12	Major junction station of western and northern lines.
		Very, very busy line now, with six tracks.
		Dense inner suburbs.

Illawarra	2	The Illawarra line comes in. There are now ten tracks (plus
Junction		two more underground).
		The attractive stone station to the west (left hand side) was the
		Mortuary Station, where Funeral trains departed until the
		1930s.
Sydney	0	Sydney Central station is at the southern edge of the central
Central,		business district. It is a magnificent structure – both
usually		architecturally and for railway operating. It is huge – 25
platform 1		platforms (2 underground). Most are terminating platforms for
or 2		long distance and middle distance trains. But there are through
		platforms used by suburban trains.
		More details at
		https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central railway station, Sydney
		Suburban trains continue by underground lines to the centre of
		the city. A double track line continues over the Sydney
		Harbour Bridge.

CANBERRA – SYDNEY

The track from Canberra to Joppa Junction is controlled by John Holland Rail NSW Country Regional Network.

Place	Km from Sydn ey	Notes
Canberra	330	The railway station of the capital city of this vast country is just a tiny one platform place.
Queanbeyan	322	From this station until the third tunnel the railway forms the border. The railway itself and land on the eastern side (on your right) are in New South Wales, whereas land on the western side (your left) is in the Australian Capital Territory. Just over the State border is this very higgledy-piggledy town, to be a counterpoint to the over-planned Canberra.
		The scenic highlight of this trip: The railway goes through the spectacular Molonglo River Gorge. This is on the western side of the train. If necessary shift seats to look at this. But there may a minor problem. At about this time, the conductor usually comes through the train checking tickets. When trains are full, they get very grumpy at passengers not in their designated seats. If the train is not full, they are tolerant.
Bungendore	294	
		The line now cross the Great Dividing Range, but at this point, it is not very prominent. In fact, the countryside is a bit bleak.
Crisps Creek Siding	264	Six mornings a week two large trains arrive here full of Sydney garbage, which is gradually filling up a nearby, former open-cut mine.
Tarago	263	
Joppa Junction	231	The Canberra line now joins the main Melbourne-Sydney double track line.

From here see the description in the Melbourne-Sydney table above.

JUNEE – GRIFFITH

Place	Km	Notes
Junee	486	NSW TrainLink operates a train to Griffith merely once a
		week – a political decision. However, there are also many
		TrainLink buses to Griffith.
Coolamon	523	One of many towns serving this fertile, wheat-growing area.
		Along this line, there are many wheat silos served by the
		railway.
Narrandera	584	Formerly an important junction station.
Leeton	613	The country is now very flat, but, irrigated with water from
		Burrunjuck Dam, is very fertile. Many food crops are
		grown.
Griffith	640	This town is the important centre of this rich agricultural
		district. Griffiith is particularly ethnically diverse, even by
		Australian standards. A large proportion of the population
		is of Italian background. There are also many Indians and
		Pacific Islanders.

SYDNEY – BRISBANE

Place	Km	Notes
	from	
	Sydney	
Sydney Central, usually platform 1 or 2	0	Sydney Central station is at the southern edge of the central business district. It is a magnificent structure – both architecturally and for railway operating. It is huge – 25 platforms (2 underground). Most are terminating platforms for long distance and middle distance trains. But there are through platforms used by suburban trains. More details at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_railway_station , Sydney Suburban trains continue by underground lines to the centre of the city. A double track line continues over the Sydney Harbour Bridge.
		The attractive stone station to the west (right hand side) was the Mortuary Station, where Funeral trains departed until the 1930s
		Very, very busy suburban line. Six tracks. Dense inner suburbs.
Strathfield	12	Major junction for western and northern lines.
	17	Bridge over Parramatta River. Mixture of 2, 3 or 4 tracks. Leafy, upmarket suburbs.
Hornsby	34	Junction for the line to Sydney via the North Shore.
Cowan	49	The top of the ridge. The line now descends very steeply to the Hawkesbury River. There are great views (interrupted by a number of short tunnels).
Hawkesbury River	57	Big bridge. The pylons of the original bridge, replaced in 1946, remain alongside.
		Very beautiful along the Mullet Creek, although marred by an electricity transmission line. On the other side of the Creek note the houses. These are accessible only by boats from the tiny stations. Then through one of Australia's longest tunnels.
Gosford	81	
Wyong	101	
Fassifern	142	
Broadmeadow	162	This is the main station for the big industrial city of Newcastle. Newcastle has been through some hard times in recent years as heavy industry has restructured. This is the end of the electrified railway - no more local electric trains. A very, very busy section of railway with local diesel passenger trains, general freight trains, and especially, lots of huge trains conveying coal to port for export. This is claimed to be the busiest coal railway in the world. Four tracks, two for passenger and general freight trains and two for coal trains.
Maitland	193	This is perhaps the best train-watching and train-photographing location in Australia – for both variety of trains

	1	
		and frequency of trains.
		You turn off the line to the inland onto the North Coast line. In
		fact you never see the coast, except briefly near Coffs
		Harbour. This important railway was originally a series of
		unimportant local lines which were connected together. And it
		usually still seems like that, as it continually twists and turns.
		It has been upgraded with some curves removed. It is single
		track controlled by Centralised Traffic Control (CTC) situated
		at Broadmeadow.
		Across the Hunter River.
Dungog	245	Rich dairying country.
Gloucester	309	
Bundook	335	Crossing loop where passenger trains often cross.
Wingham	367	
Taree	379	Town on the Manning River.
Kendall	418	Town on the Camden Haven River.
Wauchope	455	The station for nearby historic town of Port Macquarie.
(pronounced		
War Hope)		
		Over the Hastings River.
		Over the Macleay River.
Kempsey	504	
Eungai	535	
Macksville	552	
Nambucca	565	Over the Nambucca River.
Heads		
Urunga	581	
		Over the Bellinger River.
Sawtell	601	
		In daylight, you get glimpses of the sea.
Coffs Harbour	608	
Grafton	696	Over the Clarence River. This bridge is very large and double
		deck – road on the upper deck, rail on the lower deck.
		The scenery in the next section is scrubby and uninteresting.
Casino	806	
Kyogle	834	Climbing.
		There is a spiral to ease the gradient for northbound trains.
		Then the Border Tunnel under the Macpherson Ranges. The
		NSW/Queensland state border is halfway through the tunnel.
		Then the line descends.
Kagaru		The Melbourne to Brisbane Inland Freight Railway, if built,
		will come in here.
Acacia Ridge	974	Freight yard. The interstate line from this point is dual gauge –
		standard and narrow gauges.
		Brisbane suburbs start.
Salisbury	976	Queensland Rail's line from the Gold Coast comes in. It is a
_		mainly double track, electrified, narrow gauge line. The dual
		gauged interstate line alongside is now also used by
		northbound electric trains from the Gold Coast.

Park Road	984	Major junction for suburban trains and for freight trains to the Port of Brisbane (the latter via a large flyover.)
		` <u> </u>
		The Brisbane Convention Centre complex is alongside and
		partially built over the railway. The Southbank Parklands are
		nearby.
South	987	Until 1978 when the bridge over the Brisbane River was
Brisbane		built, the interstate line terminated here.
		Merivale Bridge over the wide Brisbane River – impressive
		views. Two dual-gauge tracks over the bridge.
Brisbane	989	Terminus for interstate and Queensland long-distance
Roma Street,		passenger trains, and a through station for the busy electrified
also known as		suburban train network.
Brisbane		
Transit		
Centre.		

SYDNEY – DUBBO & BROKEN HILL

All along the East Coast of Australia, there is a narrow coastal plain, usually heavily populated, then a steep ascent of a mountain range parallel to the coast known as the Great Dividing Range. The descent on the western side of this Range is usually easier. This is followed by rolling hills gradually giving up to the seemingly endless western plains. The NSW Western line is great example of all this.

Place	Km	Notes
Sydney	0	Sydney Central station is at the southern edge of the central
Central		business district. It is a magnificent structure – both architecturally
		and for railway operating. It is huge – 25 platforms (2
		underground). Most are terminating platforms for long distance
		and middle distance trains. But there are through platforms used
		by suburban trains.
		More details at
		https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central railway station, Sydney
		Suburban trains continue by underground lines to the centre of the
		city. A double track line continues over the Sydney Harbour
		Bridge. Ten tracks a short distance to Illawarra Junction, then six
		tracks.
		The attractive stone station to the west (right hand side) was the
		Mortuary Station, where Funeral trains departed until the 1930s
		Very, very busy suburban line. Dense inner suburbs.
Strathfield	12	Major junction for western and northern lines.
Homebush		Four tracks from here.
Lidcombe	17	Olympic Park (for the 2000 Olympics) is very close to the north
		(but you can't see it).
Auburn	19	
Granville	21	Junction for the original mainline to the south. Following is the
		direct triangle connection from west to south.
Parramatta	23	An area of settlement from the earliest days of European
		settlement in Australia. Now generally regarded as the second
		most important business centre of Sydney.
Westmead	25	A flyunder converts tracks from up, down, up, down configuration
		to down, down, up, up.
Seven Hills	32	A flyover takes down Richmond branchline and terminating trains
		over the mainline.
Blacktown	35	Large six platform station. Junction for the Richmond branch.
		Continues through the seemingly endless western suburbs.
St Marys	47	Four tracks reduce to two.
Penrith	55	Bridge over the Nepean River. The road bridge alongside was the
		original railway bridge.
Emu Plains	57	The steep ascent of the Blue Mountains begins.
		A very pretty section of railway through the wild country of the
		Glenbrook Gorge replaced the line through a tunnel, which itself
		was a replacement for the original line which ascended via a zig
		zag.
Glenbrook	67	This railway is very busy with local electric passenger trains, coal
		trains and some long distance passenger and freight trains.

Valley	77	Now the ascent of the Blue Mountains becomes really fearsome –
Heights	, ,	a gradient of 1 in 33, or 3%.
Springwood	80	Urban development in the Blue Mountains is in a thin strip following the railway. There are brief glimpses of the valleys below.
Lawson	96	Part of the series of pretty Blue Mountain villages.
Wentworth Falls	103	
Katoomba	110	The major centre of tourism in the Blue Mountains. Stunning scenic attractions and views nearby.
Blackheath	121	At 1065 metres, the highest station crossing the Mountains.
Mt Victoria	127	Attractive old stone station building.
Newnes Jnc	142	There is now a major deviation, dating from 1910. This comprises a series of ten tunnels in quick succession in very rugged country. The deviation replaced the Great Zig Zag, the original — impressive but inefficient way the railway descended the western side of the Great Dividing Range. Between the ten tunnels are magnificent, but brief, glimpses into the valley below.
Zig Zag	151	Alongside the tiny platform is the depot of the Zig Zag Railway which is attempting to run heritage trains on the original alignment of the zig zag.
Lithgow	156	Locomotive depot. The end of railway electrification. The site of Australia's first steelworks.
Hermitage	157	The point where control of the railway infrastructure changes from Transport for New South Wales, a NSW state government body, to the lessee, John Holland Rail NSW Country Regional Network.
Wallerawang	171	Attractive old stone station building. From here, to Tarana, the line has been reduced to one track.
Rydal	181	Through attractive hilly country, with heavy earthworks.
Tarana	198	Double track resumes. The alignment of a former branchline to Oberon can be seen climbing steeply up the hill to the south.
Kelso	237	Single track now. Bridge over the Macquarie River.
Bathurst	239	Significant city. One of the first inland settlements in Australia.
Newbridge	274	Double track resumes for a few km.
Murrobo	287	Double to single track.
Blayney	290	Was a junction for a cross-country line to the south.
Spring Hill	309	Double track resumes for a few km.
Orange Fork	321	Single track now.
Junction.	222	
Orange	323	Significant city.
Stuart Town Dubbo	398 462	The hills are getting smaller as the western plains get closer. Significant city. Major interchange point from train to connecting buses.
	1	I.

ORANGE – BROKEN HILL

Molong	360	The hills are getting smaller as the western plains get closer.
Parkes	446	A significant railway junction. East-west freight trains, having
		travelled from Sydney via the more easily graded line via
		Cootamundra, now join this line. This will also be the future
		junction of the Melbourne-Brisbane Inland Freight Railway.
		At this point, control of the railway infrastructure changes from
		John Holland Rail NSW Country Regional Network to the
		Australian Rail Track Corporation, a Federal Government body.
Condobolin	546	The country is now flat and uninteresting.
Menindee	1007	Bridge over the Darling River. Site of the Menindee Lakes, which
		fill after good rains and are empty in drought years.
Broken Hill	1125	A very isolated city. Was once the site of a very rich mineral field
		– lead, zinc, copper – but now largely worked out. This mineral
		wealth was the basis of the Broken Hill Billiton Company, now
		one of the biggest mineral companies in the world. Broken Hill is
		now largely dependent on tourism.

SYDNEY - WOLLONGONG - KIAMA - NOWRA

Service on the South Coast line is by comfortable, double-deck Electric Multiple Unit trains as far as Kiama. Choose the upper deck for better views. If joining a train starting at Central station, walk to the front of the train, as this will be less crowded. From Kiama, there are connecting Diesel Multiple Unit trains.

Most trains on this line commence/terminate their journeys at Bondi Junction, an eastern suburb. They start their journeys traversing the Eastern Suburbs suburban line, performing suburban train duties. Other trains commence/terminate their journeys at Sydney Central station, the main station of this vast metropolis.

Place	Km	Notes
Bondi	7	This is a two-platform, underground station, with a bus
Junction		interchange above. Bondi is a very densely populated suburb –
		probably the most densely inhabited part of Australia.
		The "Junction" in the suburb name refers to a former tramway
		junction.
		The railway is mainly in tunnel, but with one, short open-air
		section.
Edgecliff	5	This is a two-platform, underground station, with a bus
		interchange above. Edgecliff is a densely populated suburb.
		This section is mainly on viaduct.
Kings Cross	3	This is a two-platform, underground station. Kings Cross is a very
		densely populated suburb and entertainment centre.
		This section is mainly on viaduct, giving great views of the city
		skyline.
Martin Place	2	This is a two-platform, spacious, underground station in the centre
		of Sydney's financial and business district.
Town Hall	1	This is a six-platform, underground station. As well as the Eastern
		Suburbs line, there is the City Circle line (underground at this
		point) and the City to North Shore via Sydney Harbour Bridge line
		(underground at this point).

		This is the busiest station in the Sydney suburban train network.
		The City Circle and North Share lines leave their typnels and
		The City Circle and North Shore lines leave their tunnels and
		continue to Central on a viaduct. However, the Eastern Suburbs
g 1	-	line – our line – continues at a lower level in tunnel.
Sydney	0	Sydney Central station is at the southern edge of the central
Central		business district. It is a magnificent structure – both architecturally
		and for railway operating. It is huge – 25 platforms (2
		underground). Most are terminating platforms for long distance
		and middle distance trains. But there are through platforms used
		by suburban trains.
		More details at
		https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_railway_station,_Sydney
		Suburban trains continue by underground lines to the centre of the
		city. Ten tracks a short distance to Illawarra Junction, then four
		tracks
		Our line – the Eastern Suburbs/Illawarra line – uses the two
		underground platforms. Other trains for the Wollongong/Kiama
		line – the South Coast line - start/terminate at the above ground
		platforms of Central station.
		If you are on the surface lines (not on the underground lines) you
		will see an attractive stone station to the west (right hand side).
		This was the Mortuary Station, where Funeral trains departed until
		the 1930s.
Redfern	1	Extremely busy suburban station. There are twelve platforms and
		running lines – ten on the surface and two underground.
Illawarra	2	Six surface lines diverge here and go to the western, northern and
Junction		south-west suburbs.
Erskineville	3	The underground lines now come to the surface and join the
Junction		surface lines.
		Very, very busy suburban line. Four tracks. Dense inner suburbs.
		In the 1950s, work commenced to increase this section of line to
		six tracks, but plans changed and the project was not completed.
		Much of this work can still be seen.
Sydenham	5	Six platforms.
		The Bankstown line diverges here. It is proposed that the Sydney
		Metro line, currently under construction, will, after passing from
		the North Shore under Sydney Harbour and the City centre will
		come to the surface here. Then it will take over the Bankstown
		line, which will be converted from suburban train operation to
		automatic, metro-style operation.
		The freight line to Botany passes overhead.
Tempe		
Tempe	7	Four tracks continue
Теттре	7	NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to
Tempe	7	
Tempe	7	NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to
Тетре	7	NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to the west.
Wolli Creek	7	NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to the west. Direct connection from the south to the Metropolitan Goods lines to the west for freight (mainly coal) trains. Some trains diverge just before here to the East Hills line. The
		NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to the west. Direct connection from the south to the Metropolitan Goods lines to the west for freight (mainly coal) trains.
		NSW TrainLink's XPT and Explorer DMU maintenance depot to the west. Direct connection from the south to the Metropolitan Goods lines to the west for freight (mainly coal) trains. Some trains diverge just before here to the East Hills line. The

of line are four platforms – two island
pattern, but, in addition, has a busy
t.
of line are four platforms – two island
pattern, but, in addition, has a busy
t.
cks.
n electric train depot.
eorges River – great views both
onulla line.
ım is immediately to the east.
o the east, suburbs to the west.
ions.
s through the very rugged country of
e is continuous curvature through
tunnels.
stable. Consequently, the Stanwell
inforced, and there are proposals to
in a lengthy tunnel. However, this is
•
re extended to this isolated station.
intryside is marred by coal mines.
s the Coal Cliff tunnel. This is on a
on.
great view of the coastline.
ain. But the steep, coastal escarpment
to the west.
are in the northern suburbs of the
uburban trains commence/terminate
retentious station for a major city
own bay platform).
, freight line to Port Kembla Inner
double track, electrified, passenger
ola. The local suburban trains ex
to Port Kembla.
nt for the export of coal and of wheat.
e east.
gle line occurs, before the loop line
•
line.
y line to join the main Southern line at
y line to join the main Southern line at

		destinations. The first section of this line is duplicated. You can also see masts for proposed electrification. However, due to a change of plans, this was not completed. There are occasional tourist trains on this extremely scenic crosscountry line. The South Coast line - described here – continues as a single-track, electrified line.
Dapto	95	The line continues through a mixture of suburbs and countryside. It is fairly flat.
Kiama	119	Kiama is an attractive town. Kiama is the terminus of the frequent, electric trains from Bondi/Sydney. To continue, it is necessary to change to Diesel Multiple Unit trains (called Endeavours). The change is via cross- platform interchange. The DMU service is much less frequent. Omega Tunnels – four short tunnels in quick succession.
		The Kiama-Nowra section of line is the only non-electrified line controlled by Transport for NSW. The line is through gentle, rolling hills, with occasional views of the sea.
Berry	141	An attractive, little, country town.
Nowra- Bomaderr.	153	The railway to the important town of Nowra does not get to the town, but terminates on the northern bank of the Shoalhaven River opposite Nowra. In fact, the station is officially called Nowra-Bomaderry, after the suburb it is situated in. The railway was never extended beyond this point, although the further South Coast area of NSW is well populated. This is because, until the 1930s, this area was served by coastal shipping.

NSW NORTH WESTERN LINE

For the description form Sydney to Maitland, see the first portion of the description of the journey from Sydney to Brisbane above.

		y to Brisbane above.
Place	Km	Notes
Maitland	192.5	This is perhaps the best train-watching and train-
		photographing location in Australia for both frequency of
		trains and variety of trains – local passenger trains, long-
		distance passenger trains, enormous coal trains, long-distance
		freight trains.
East Greta	193	The mainline to Brisbane turns off to the north. The
Junction		privately-owned South Maitland Railway (coal trains) turns
		off the south.
		Four tracks reduce to two tracks.
		The very heavy coal trains continue on this line, as well as
		passenger and freight trains.
Farley	197	Two tracks expand to three tracks. The second track for up
		(towards the coast) is more easily graded for heavy coal
		trains.
		There are many coal mines in this area. Despite this, it is also
		a very rich agricultural area.
Greta	210	Three tracks to two. Pacific National train support facility
		alongside.
Branxton	216	Two tracks to three. The second track for up (towards the
		coast) is more easily graded for heavy coal trains.
Whittingham	234	Three tracks to two.
Singleton	239	At frequent intervals, there are junctions to lines to coal
		mines.
Muswellbrook	289	Junction for the line to Ulan which carries significant coal
		traffic. But much coal traffic also remains on this line.
		Two tracks to one.
Scone	315	Furthest point of local passenger trains from Newcastle.
Murrurundi	353	Ascent of Liverpool Range begins.
Ardglen	363	Top of the Range.
Werris Creek	411	Large station at this important station once housed a railway
		hotel.
		Alongside this station is the Australian Railway Workers
		Memorial.
		NEW ENGLAND LINE
Tamworth	455	Important city. On the original – inland – Sydney to Brisbane
		mainline.
		Rugged, mountainous country.
Armidale	579	University city.
		NW LINE
Gunnedah	476	
Narrabri Coal	540	The final of many coal mines along this line.
Junction		
Narrabri	569	Junction station. The country is now flat and uninteresting,
		but fertile with much wheat grown.
Moree	666	Spa centre.